

Singapore Straits Times, Singapore.
Singapore Free Press, Singapore.
Singapore Free Press, Singapore.
Singapore Free Press, Singapore.

You're
FULLY-SHAVED
with—
PHILIPSHAVE
ELECTRIC RAZOR
GILMAN & CO. LTD.
410, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONG KONG

CHINA MAIL

Established 1845

No. 36860

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1957.

Price 20 Cents

RELAX IN
DAKS
THE FAMOUS COMFORT
IN ACTION TROUSERS
Whiteaways
HONGKONG & KOWLOON

COMMENT OF THE DAY

CROSSINGS

THE new road crossing regulations appear at first sight to be much more than they really are. The Government statement, however, indicates that they are measures to provide a "uniform method of delineating crossings", and it seems that those who have suggested that implicit in them is the enunciation of a new principle giving precedence to the pedestrian on a "zebra" crossing, are jumping to a conclusion that the Traffic Superintendent Mr. Morrison has not mentioned in his statement.

This hardly calls for a debate on the merits or otherwise of "zebra" crossings, but one or two points need to be made if the Government is going to pay out money replacing existing signs with amber beacons all over the Colony and studding the road with reflectors. At present the "zebras" are not a success.

Neither pedestrian nor motorist can be entirely trusted to play the game. Each tends to regard the other as an adversary. Each is often guilty of deliberate contempt for the other (it is the motorist who usually wins) and the result is that as the paint wears off and the "zebra" becomes less and less obvious, motorist and pedestrian tend to regard them as an unsuccessful experiment, particularly when there is so little evidence from the Courts that the Police are determined to have them used properly.

"BLITZES"

IT is, of course, hoped that new and more distinctive signs will waken the motorist to his responsibilities. But if Government is to spend money on the project, it will not be justified unless the Police show that they intend the "zebras" as a serious measure designed to ensure greater road safety and a smoother flow of traffic and that those who disregard them will be punished. And this does not mean one spirited campaign. Periodic "blitzes" will be needed to impress this.

Mr. Morrison, it may be safely predicted, will do his best to see that this is done. His intentions are always the best, but the magnitude of his problem sometimes means that he is not able to devote as large a concentration of his men to a particular detail as it really needs.

European Vacation Suggested For Cheng Kwong MILLIONAIRE'S SON WINS

APPEAL AGAINST GAOL TERM He Begins Treatment For Addiction

A Chinese millionaire's son, who had "indulged in full measure his craving for heroin," was put on two years' probation by Mr. Justice C. W. Reece in the Criminal Appeals Court this morning.

The Probation Officer, Mr. Peter Liang, in his report, suggested treatment (for curing the drug habit in hospital) of not less than three months and subsequent rehabilitation which included a prolonged vacation in Europe.

Son of the well-known and wealthy Cheng Kwok-shang who died in 1944, the appellant, Cheng Kwong, of 78 Morrison Hill Road, was fined by Miss Searle at Central on September 8 a sum of \$1,500 or in default six months imprisonment plus a prison term of three months without the option of a fine for possession of nine grammes of heroin.

Best Advantage

He appealed against this sentence two weeks ago. His Counsel, the Hon. Leo d'Almada QC, who appeared with Mr. Patrick Yu (instructed by Mr. Hung Wai-chiu of Deacons), asked for a further fine instead of the prison term.

Mr. Justice Reece deferred his decision for a report by a Probation Officer and a medical report on Cheng's condition. Cheng was allowed \$1,000 bail.

The Probation Officer, Mr. Liang, informed the Court that Cheng had taken the very best advantage of being allowed out on bail and had gone to the Hong-kong Sanatorium for treatment immediately.

Counsel then read a report from Dr. Chau Wai-chung which stated that in the Sanatorium Cheng had not been taking any more heroin and was recuperating very satisfactorily.

The Judge also read the report handed in by Mr. Liang, the Probation Officer.

The Report

According to this report, 37-year-old Cheng, born in Hong-kong, had attended many schools, "but knowledge of his economic advantages in life no doubt caused him to pay insufficient attention and regard to his studies and he did not even complete his middle school education."

"Because of the lavish standard of living provided by his parents, Cheng would seem to have made little effort in life to distinguish himself either at school, in employment, or in any other field of endeavour. He has been content to relax in the security of his hereditary good fortune and there has been no stimulating influence or interest in his life which might have prevented him from seeking the questionable solace of drugs."

The Probation Officer found that Cheng "might be called" a property owner and ran his own business with the help of his brother in Bank of East Asia Building.

He stated that it was unfortunate that Cheng and his wife had no children who might have given him some interest and sense of responsibility.

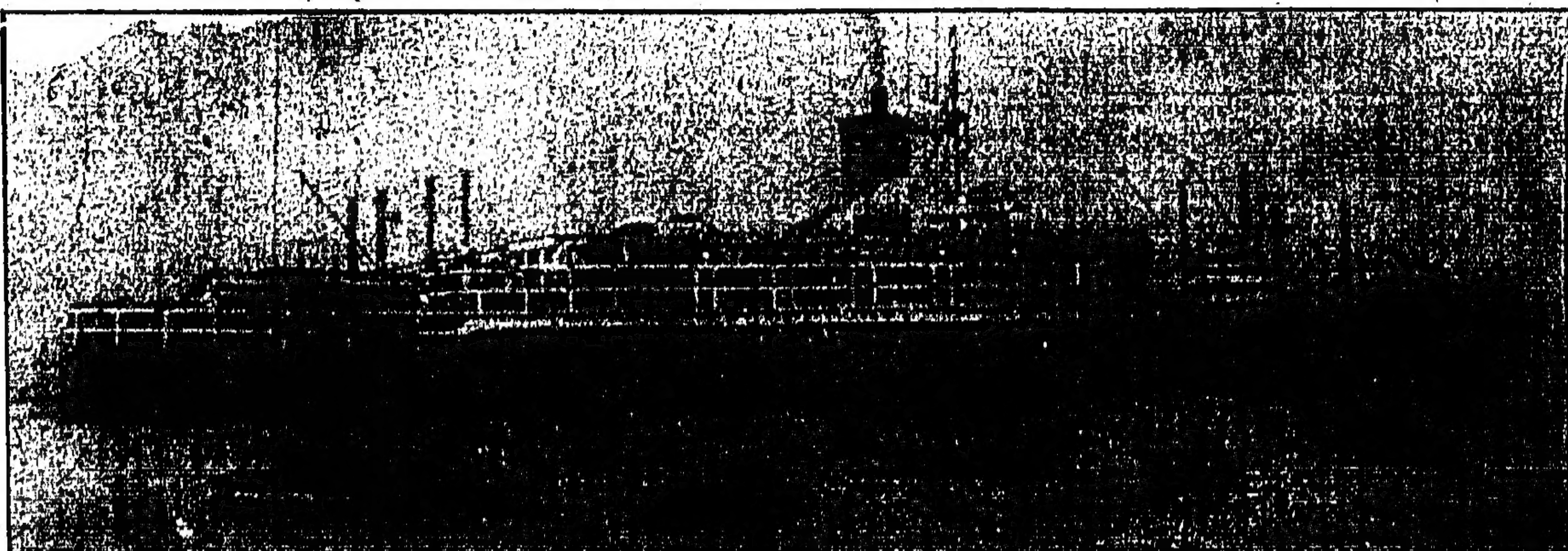
Minor Ailments

The Report went on to say that Cheng disclosed that he took opium during the Japanese occupation on the advice of a herbalist who had been treating him for minor ailments. He became an addict and a few years later turned to heroin "and from then to the present time he has indulged in full measure his craving for the drug."

Cheng's personal physician Dr. Chau Wai-chung, said that it was not until he had been released on bail that Cheng asked to be cured from his addiction, according to the Report.

Dr. Chau assures me that he is hopeful that he can cure Cheng if he could treat him for three months in the Hong-kong Sanatorium and Hospital," Mr. Liang said in his Report.

He said he discussed Cheng's case with the Prison Medical Officer, Dr. C. O. Lee, who indicated that Cheng's general health was fairly good and (Contd. on Page 3, Col. 6)



ORCADES IS HERE BUT The Big Moan Is: We're Here Only ONE Day

The 28,000-ton luxury liner Orcades, of the Orient Line, sailed into Hongkong this morning, with a distinguished passenger list of 1,250 Australians all ready and eager to make the most of their brief 24-hour stop-over in the Colony.

Hongkong and Kowloon shops are looking forward to a spending spree that may net more than \$1.5 million.

But the passengers are terribly disappointed their stay has been cut short. As one of the passengers put it, "Nearly everyone is crying because they can only stay here for one day."

The Band

Several representatives from travel agencies and tourist organizations waited outside the No. 8 gate of the Kowloon Wharf, all anxious to be first to contact the visitors from down under.

On the quayside, the Band of the Hongkong Regiment was in attendance and they played the vessel into the wharf.

Also standing by were two ferries and 37 taxis. They were there by arrangement of Thomas Cook and Sons who have arranged a colourful tour for 600 of the visitors. This will include a trip round the Island and the New Territories as well as dinners at the Yung King and the floating restaurants in Aberdeen.

Once the gangways were lowered, the passengers streamed off the vessel by the hundreds. Those connected with the tour were directed to ferries and taxis, while the remainder made their way on foot to the nearest shopping centres.

Historic

The vessel's arrival in Hong-kong, besides being a profitable occasion for various tourist shops, is also a historic one. For this is the first cruise from Australia to the East by one of the big Orient Line ships, a cruise which will cover nine ports and 10,000 miles within 29 days.

This afternoon, His Excellency the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham and Lady Grantham will dine on board the Orcades with the Captain, G. K. Blake, O.B.E., and other ship's officers.

Among the notable passengers who arrived on the Orcades were:—
Mr. J. D. Bates, General Manager of The Orient Line in Australia and Mrs. Bates, Mr. H. E. Beaver, Manager of Radio Station 2KY, Sydney, and Mrs. Beaver, Mr. P. L. Gowing, Managing Director of Gowing

(Contd. on back page, Col. 5)

POLICE, ARMY GET READY...

by a China Mail Reporter

Police have now arrested about 1,500 people suspected of being members of triad societies since their first "sweep" on September 1.

The arrests have been made to clear the city of potential troublemakers—the type that rioted last October 10—so that danger of a repetition of the riots on the two big Chinese holidays October 1 (Communist) and October 10 (Nationalist) this year, will be reduced to a minimum.

Large scale operations in which as many as 100 officers and men took part, were carried out in various parts of the Colony.

Fearful

It was learned this morning that an undisclosed number of men, fearful of subsequent Police action and of being blamed for having taken part in any disturbance this year, surrendered themselves and sought "protective refuge" in gaol or have placed themselves under temporary detention until the emergency has subsided.

In the meantime, to prepare for any eventualities, the Police have ordered the cancellation of all leave for all members of the Force for several days, beginning tomorrow.

The auxiliary force will be called out and also some units of the regular army. It is feared this morning that though large detachments of men will be standing-by at various points, only small squads of Police will be patrolling the streets.

The Royal Air Force helicopters, which are at present in the



The above picture is of Orcades, steaming to her berth this morning, and the picture below shows the wharf, a bustle of passengers soon after the big liner docked.—China Mail Photos.

Eight-Hour Water Supply Likely

As the result of recent heavy rainfall in the Colony it is possible that Government will be able to maintain at least an eight-hour-a-day supply throughout the winter, it was stated officially this morning.

In a letter to the Editor (which appears on Page 10), the Director of Public Works, the Hon. A. Inglis comments (in part) on Saturday's leader:

"I can promise that the hours (for the coming winter) will be reasonably good. Even without benefit of Gloria's rains and the respite in the start of rationing thus caused, we had reckoned that an eight-hours a day supply, in two equal morning and evening supply periods of four hours each, would be possible right throughout the winter."

"Obviously these supply hours are now more than ever a practical proposition and, indeed, we may even find that they can be improved."

This is an extract from Mr. Inglis's letter. Now turn to Page 10.

USN Leaves

It is learned from the United States naval authorities in Hongkong that there will be no US naval ships in port tomorrow.

STOP PRESS

20 DIE IN CRASH

Karachi, Sept. 29.
At least 20 people were reported killed in a train crash when an express passenger train bound for Karachi and an oil train collided at Gambhar, near Montgomery (West Pakistan), according to first reports reaching here. The engine and five coaches of the passenger train were crushed.

The cigarette everyone has been waiting for!



Marlboro
FILTER
FLAVOR
FLIPTOP BOX

FRESH
FROM
U.S.A.

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE
\$1.10 PER PACK

FAT
600 1100
1400
ALL MODELS
AVAILABLE
FROM STOCK

You see them here,
there, everywhere!

"We lead — Others follow"

SALES & SERVICE

Regent Motors

TELEPHONES: 773282, 70981

LABOUR PARTY MEETING

Difficult Issue Will Be Nationalisation

Brighton, Sept. 29.

The prospect of Britain's current economic difficulties bringing a general election within the next year dominated the minds of delegates gathered here tonight for tomorrow's opening of the Labour Party's annual conference.

Many of the Labour leaders are confident that the Conservative Government's drastic action in pushing up the bank rate to seven per cent will bring about unemployment and industrial strife. Mr. Harold Macmillan, the Prime Minister, will be forced to go to the country, they believe, long before his Government's term of office runs out in May, 1960.

Backstage

At backstage meetings here this weekend Labour Party and trade union chiefs have concentrated in reaching compromise of opinion over policies. The possibility of an election makes unity imperative this week because Labour policy is fixed by the annual conference.

At tomorrow's opening session the delegates will plunge straight into a domestic subject which is certain to be a main issue at any general election within the next year or two. This is the Rents Act by which the Conservatives have freed landlords to increase the rents of hundreds of thousands of middle-class flats and houses and have removed security of tenure from tenants.

This legislation is looked on as the number one reason for a startling slump in the Government's popularity as reflected at by-elections over the past year. Labour chiefs are cashing in by presenting an emergency resolution here tomorrow pledging that when returned to power they will repeal the act, restore protection to tenants, and set up tribunals to fix fair rents.

Set The Pace

On the broader economic issues, the Labour Party's leader, Mr. Hugh Gaitskell, set the pace last night with a speech claiming that with their new economic measures the Conservatives had declared war on the trade unions by threatening unemployment and resistance to higher wages. Tuesday's session of the conference is likely to be devoted to private discussion of party domestic matters.

On Wednesday the Labour leaders face their most difficult task. This is to smooth out critical discussions over nationalisation policy. The

National Executive—the 28-member committee of elected leaders—has produced a plan to gain a state foothold in about 600 private firms by buying their stock market shares.

Many Labour Left-wingers and powerful trade unions are outraged by this "velvet glove" method of state ownership and are demanding further outright nationalisation. Unless some compromise is worked out the debate will be a stormy one.

Disarmament

On Thursday the conference will debate foreign affairs and disarmament—a subject dominated by the Hydrogen bomb. About 130 resolutions demanding an end to nuclear tests have been put forward.

Friday, the last day of the conference, will be devoted to discussion of colonial affairs.

Leaders of Britain's biggest trade unions were reported tonight to have agreed during eve-of-conference talks today to support Mr. Gaitskell's share plan to control industry.

But they will demand a public pledge from the party chief that the new plan does not rule out wholesale nationalisation of selected industries.

Supplementary

Mr. Gaitskell is now expected to give a firm assurance during Wednesday's debate that the new scheme of acquiring shares in key firms is supplementary to the old socialist concept of total nationalisation.

Women will play a big part in the conference with Miss Margaret Herblison, a petite smiling figure who carries a heavy political punch, acting as chairman with six other women on the national executive.

Miss Herblison opens the conference with her speech as chairman tomorrow and later the same day Miss Alice Bacon will propose the key resolution promising that Labour will repeal the present Rents Act.

Later in the conference Mrs. Jean Mann will speak on the cost of living, Dr. Edith Summerskill on mental health and Mrs. Barbara Castle on economic problems of the colonies.—China Mail Special.

COSTUME PROCESSION IN EUROPE



The biggest costume procession of Europe... moved through the streets of Munich last week. Groups of costume bearers from Germany and abroad participated every year at this costume procession on the occasion of the start of the Oktober festival, as well as groups of German refugees and expellees. Photo shows a historical-costume group crossing the Marienplatz.—Keystone Photo.

Demonstration Over Regiments' Merger

Glasgow, Sept. 29.

Accompanied by ten pipe bands, thousands of ex-servicemen marched through Glasgow streets today protesting against the proposal to merge two Scots regiments.

The regiments are the Highland Light Infantry, which has close Glasgow links, and the Royal Scots Fusiliers. Their merger is part of a Government plan, announced last spring, to cut the defence forces. Many in the parade were former members of the HLI, some with their wives and families. They were led by two holders of the Victoria Cross—Britain's highest military decoration—Mr. William Angus, 69, of Carlisle, Lanarkshire, and Mr. D. F. Hunter, 67, of Dunfermline.

PROTESTING

The former commander of the HLI depot in Glasgow, Major Patrick T. Telford-Smollett, read a resolution protesting against the "proposal to amalgamate or disband the only regiment closely linked with Glasgow."

It expressed the view that a solution could still be found which would recognise the justifiable resentment and the material disadvantages of the proposal, and would thus enable the identity of the regiment to be preserved.

Mr. B. Wingate, a former HLI officer, will take the protest resolution to London tonight and present it at the War Office tomorrow.

He said at the demonstration that under the Government plan there would be eight battalions of guards regiments in and around the London area, as well as the Royal Fusiliers and Cavalry regiments.

Glasgow—the second city of Britain—would have nothing. In a letter, the Lord Provost of Glasgow, Mr. Andrew Hood, said the amalgamation proposal was "an affront to Scotland as a whole" and "an insult to the city of Glasgow".—China Mail Special.

Crossing Closed

Amman, Sept. 29.

Foreign travellers will no longer be allowed to pass back and forth between Israel and Jordan through the Mandelbaum Gate in Jerusalem, the Jordan Government announced today.

Tourists and pilgrims who enter Jordan through the Mandelbaum Gate at East Jerusalem will have to return home through an Arab country, the announcement said. — France-Press.

China Mail Entertainment Guide

WHAT'S ON TONIGHT

ROXY and BROADWAY: "An Affair To Remember": Cary Grant and Deborah Kerr in a love affair.
QUEEN'S and ALHAMBRA: "Attila": Sophia Loren and Anthony Quinn. A coloured spectacular film showing the Huns devastating Western Europe.
HOOPER and LIBERTY: "The Little Hut": Ava Gardner, Stewart Granger and David Niven shipwrecked on an island.
KING'S and PRINCESS: "Jumping Jacks": Martin and Lewis. A Reissue.
STAR and METROPOLE: "Gun For A Coward": Fred MacMurray, Jeffrey Hunter, Janice Rule, Chill Wills, and Dean Stockwell. A western, filmed in colour, with the angle of the pacifist cowboy.

The Japanese Prince Skyline—Nothing Original

IT HAS THE FEATURES OF THE VAUXHALL VICTOR, FORD CONSUL AND HILLMAN

London, Sept. 29.

"The Japs launch big challenge to our cars: The Government pours in money to slash prices" headlines the Sunday Dispatch today, commenting on the forthcoming appearance of the "Prince Skyline" at the Paris motor show.

Japan's first car offered on the European market "owes nothing to original Japanese design," the writer said.

Millionaire's Son

(Continued from Page 1)
with treatment and supervision there was a reasonable chance of his being able to break off the habit. "Dr. Lee emphasised that the most important consideration would be the quality of rehabilitation following adequate treatment for Chong has been an addict for such a long period that his moral fibre and general resistance has become considerably weakened and he is in need of strong encouragement and stimulation to assist him towards successful rehabilitation."

Supervision

The Report disclosed that Chong's brother had several times endeavoured to persuade Chong to get away from Hongkong for a lengthy vacation in Europe or elsewhere, but his efforts were unavailing for Chong appeared to be disinterested in anything other than the submission of himself to his drug addiction within his own home.

The Probation Officer's opinion was:

"Chong could be broken from his addiction to heroin provided he will co-operate in full measure with the medical authorities both as regards to treatment and an adequate period as a patient in hospital, but if there is to be any lasting benefit from such treatment Chong will need to be under supervision of some qualified person who is prepared to assist him to make a real effort to combat his temptation."

"I would recommend that consideration be given to placing Chong on probation for not less than two years with a requirement as a condition of the probation order that he will accept such medical treatment as may be prescribed and remain in hospital to undergo such treatment for a period of not less than three months."

If the Court sees fit to accept my recommendation I shall advise Chong of the terms of his discharge from hospital to take a prolonged vacation away from Hongkong.

"I consider the interim period between the termination of treatment and the resumption of life in his own home would prove to be the testing ground of his rehabilitation and I am sure that it would be most helpful if the Court would proffer this advice to the defendant."

An Opportunity

Mr. Justice Reece said that it would seem that everything was to be gained in the interests of Chong to give him an opportunity to rehabilitate himself by a break from the drug with proper medical treatment so he would comply with the recommendations of both the Probation Officer and the Prison Medical Officer. Crown Counsel, Mr. D. E. Greenfield, told the Court that in cases of probation the sentence on the appellant was suspended.

Mr. Justice Reece explained to the appellant that he appeared to have taken every advantage of the short period of release on bail and it would appear that he was beginning to show signs of being able to break himself from the drug habit.

Consequently the Court would give him an opportunity to endeavour to restore himself to the normal way of living by placing "him under" probation for two years.

Suspended

"During that period you will be visited frequently by the Probation Officer and you must co-operate with him. You are clearly to understand that I have cancelled the sentence of imprisonment to enable you to benefit by this mode of treatment, but the sentence of the fine is suspended and if you commit any offence that fine will be reinstated," the judge said to the appellant.

He also told Chong that if he decided to leave the Colony, the judge suggested going to Europe for the benefit of his health, he must inform the Probation Officer.

Pope Pius On The Woman's Position In Marriage

Vatican City, Sept. 29.

Pope Pius XII told an audience of women today that while the church holds the sexes to be equal, woman must subordinate herself to man in marriage.

The Pontiff delivered an address on the social and moral duties of women to 650 delegates of the 10th Congress of the World Union of Roman Catholic Women's Organisations.

God, he said, created man and woman as "persons equal in rank and dignity." No one can say that woman is in "any way inferior to man," he said.

MUST SUBMIT

But at the same time, he told the delegates from 63 nations, "wives must submit themselves to their husbands as the church does to God." He buttressed his statement with references to St. Paul's epistle to the Ephesians.

Women, he said, have a three-fold mission of truth, love and feminine action. Their goal is a "Christian renovation" of a civilization threatened by such evils as Communism and "disordered" by "crude" religious movements. The young Catholic woman, he said, should not shun the relatively recent professional, cultural and political elevation of her sex, he said.

MUST RESPECT

"On the contrary, she must assume her responsibilities in all domains and face the demands of them with an effective missionary spirit."

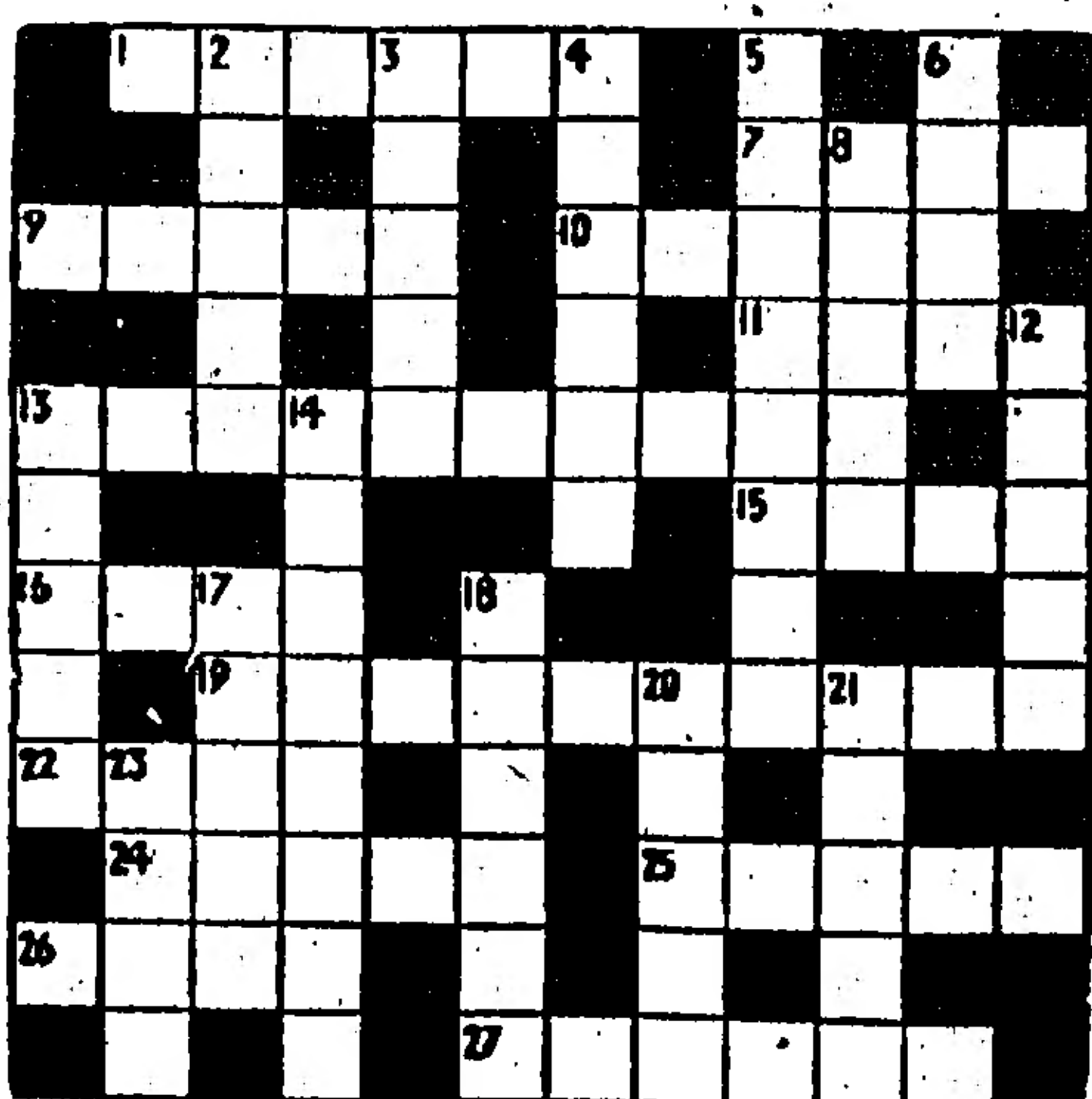
But, he said, a woman in marriage must respect the will of the husband. Citing St. Paul, the Pontiff said: "Let woman be submitted to their husbands as to God..." The Pope said that Paul's text demonstrates a "clearcut difference" between marriage partners.—United Press.

Lunch With PM

London, Sept. 30.

The Japanese Foreign Minister, Mr. Aichiroya Fuyuma, now on a four-day visit to Britain, will lunch at Number 10, Downing Street today, with Mr. Harold Macmillan, the British Prime Minister.—Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS
1 Holiday took (6).
2 Verve (4).
3 Have a dip (5).
4 Hardly a matchless crime! (5).
5 Cooker from Coventry (4).
6 A lump in the throat? (5, 5).
7 In need of watering (4).
8 Shape of things to come? (4).
9 Faith in such a trick? (10).
10 Racing handicap (4).
11 Come into prominence? (5).
12 No class nowadays (5).
13 Money-making herb (4).
14 Soften in anger? (6).
15 Man and his dog? (4).
16 Romeo (5).
17 Jog (5).
18 That's enough (5).
19 Under-21 group? (8).
20 On-to-be (5).
21 Cause follower (8).
22 It's a fact (5).
23 Terrible din (5).
24 Moggot perhaps (4).

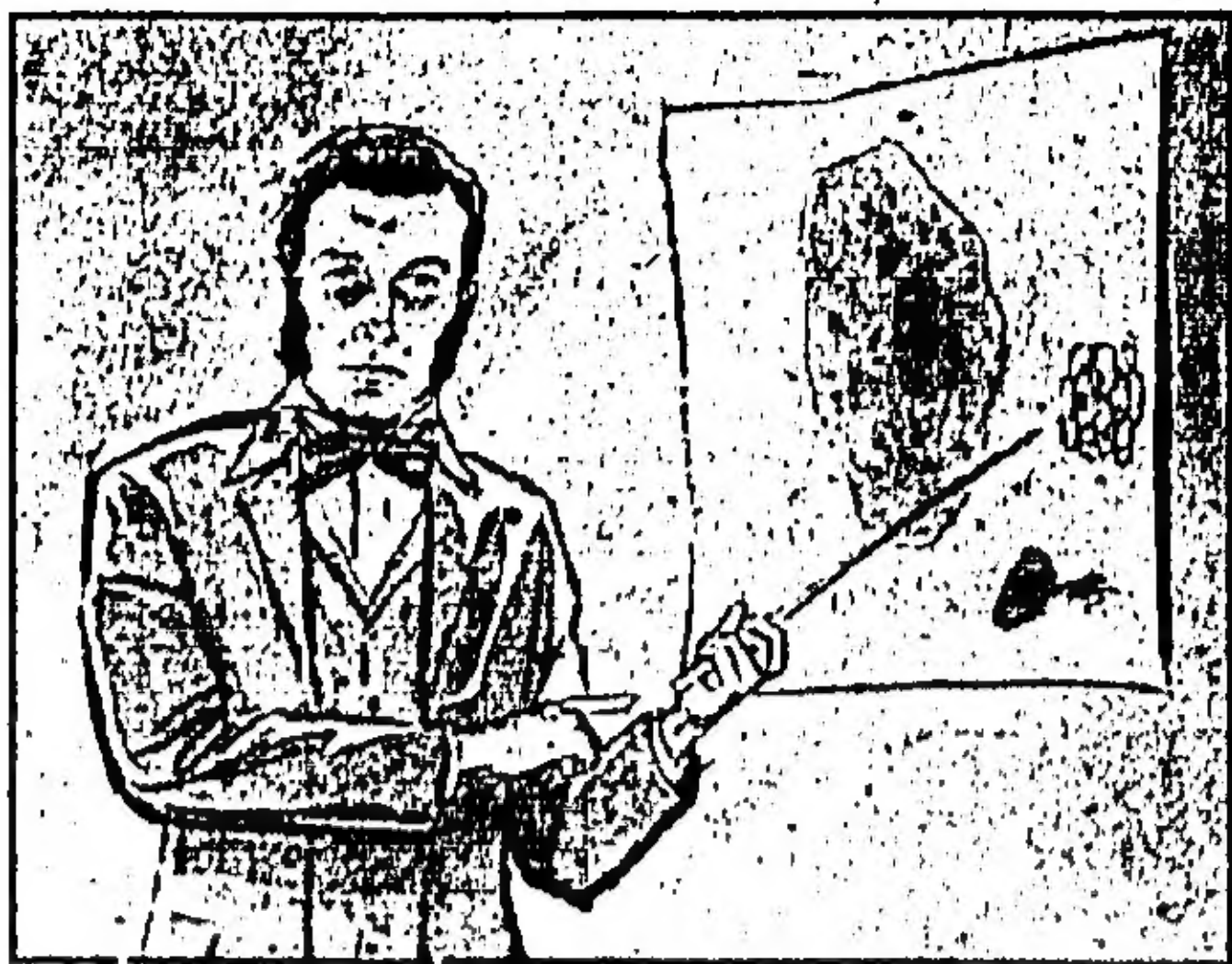
SATURDAY'S SOLUTION

ACROSS
1 HOLIDAY TOOK (6).
2 VERVE (4).
3 HAVE A DIP (5).
4 HARDLY A MATCHLESS CRIME! (5).
5 COOKER FROM COVENTRY (4).
6 A LUMP IN THE THROAT? (5, 5).
7 IN NEED OF WATERING (4).
8 SHAPE OF THINGS TO COME? (4).
9 FAITH IN SUCH A TRICK? (10).
10 RACING HANDICAP (4).
11 COME INTO PROMINENCE? (5).
12 NO CLASS NOWADAYS (5).
13 MONEY-MAKING HERB (4).
14 SOFTEN IN ANGER? (6).
15 MAN AND HIS DOG? (4).
16 ROMEO (5).
17 JOG (5).
18 THAT'S ENOUGH (5).
19 UNDER-21 GROUP? (8).
20 ON-TO-BE (5).
21 CAUSE FOLLOWER (8).
22 IT'S A FACT (5).
23 TERRIBLE DIN (5).
24 MOGGOT PERHAPS (4).

- DOWN
1 Wide, perhaps (5).
2 Smooth things out (6).
3 Shows ignorance in post office? (6).
4 Lonely and forlorn (6).

The Man Who First Recognised A Germ

THE eyes of the entire scientific world were centred on Louis Pasteur in 1857, when his proof of the 'germ theory' of disease brought down one of the greatest storms of controversy in the annals of science. But the storm had begun to brew twenty years before, when Theodore Schwann first watched the formation of yeast spores under the microscope, a moment in history which Pasteur himself may have thought of when he said, "In the fields of observation, chance favours only the prepared minds."



THEODOR SCHWANN . . . In the field of observation favours only the prepared mind.

And even now, as the storm grew worse, the amiable, unpretentious man whose studies had laid the groundwork for the whole upsurge was teaching quietly at Liege, in Belgium, in terms of scientific accomplishment. Theodore Schwann had long since done a lifetime's work, crowned by one of the most important discoveries in the history of biology: his classic cell theory.

Born at Neuss in the Rhineland, Schwann had studied at Wurzburg under Schöten, the founder of modern German ethical medicine. He went on to Bonn, and Berlin, where in five years of work with Germany's greatest proponent of scientific medicine, Johannes Müller, he accomplished more than he would in the forty years of academic life which followed. It is probably a tribute to the inspiration which can flow from great teachers, that Schwann had crowned his achievement before he was thirty.

Spontaneous life

Although trained as an anatomist, Schwann's attention was caught by the age-old problem of spontaneous generation—the common belief that living matter could be generated from non-living. He had studied

the respiratory system of a chick embryo and, in his inaugural dissertation in 1834, shown that air was necessary to its development. Two years later, using the same approach to the problem of spontaneous generation, Schwann proved that putrefaction is indeed produced by living bodies, organisms which were destroyed if the surrounding air was heated or taken away.

A name for nerves

Schwann earned his place among the great discoverers of modern science, and, at the time, a professorship in anatomy and physiology at Louvain, with the formulation of his cell theory in 1839. A careful, accurate investigator, he had already discovered the axis-cylinder of the nerves, which is named after him, and the striped muscle in the upper esophagus. Now, led by his observation of nucleated cells in animal tissues to seek such cells in vegetable tissues, he noted their structural similarity in what has been called the

most important generalisation in the history of morphology: "There is one universal principle of development for the elementary parts of organisms, however different, and that principle is the formation of cells."

Germ fights germ

Schwann taught at Liege, where he had gone from Louvain in 1848, until he retired in 1880, two years before his death. While the storms of controversy raged around him, and Pasteur's crucial experiment proved the airborne nature of the living organisms which caused fermentation, Schwann's pleasant open countenance could be seen on the terraces overlooking the progress of histology, and the germ theory of disease. It remained for Lister to devise the concept of antiseptics from this momentous discovery. And it has remained for the complex, advanced techniques of twentieth-century biochemical engineering to give substance to the greatest dream of nineteenth-century medicine. In the development and production of modern antibiotics, a life-saving reality has emerged from the hope that one day man might actually use germs to fight and destroy other germs, in his unending battle against disease.

The most sinister thing this man has ever done . . .

(AND I'VE SEEN HIM DO PLENTY!)



from SEFTON DELMER

STUTTGART.

DO you think it right to sentence a woman to death because she used stolen ration cards to buy food for herself and her family and passed on other stolen ration cards to her friends?

Travelling around Germany recently watching and listening to the final adjurations for the General Election, I had been putting this question to many Germans.

Only one of them upheld the savage sentence.

And that, fittingly enough, was Dr Herbert Keyser himself, a judge of the special Hitler terror tribunal which at Leipzig on November 18, 1943, sentenced 48-year-old Johanna Flock to be beheaded for just this crime.

There must be other Germans, though—more influential, perhaps, behind the scenes than the ones I questioned—who do approve.

One of them, presumably, is Dr Konrad Adenauer himself. And millions of enthusiastic Germans put him back in power for a third term as Chancellor.

For it is under the aegis of Dr Adenauer as Chancellor that Dr Keyser and at least 161 other judges and official prosecutors of Hitler's special war-time terror tribunals have been restored to key positions in the German judicial machine.

Between them, so it has been calculated on the basis of the official records, these 162 men were responsible for upholding Hitler's rule of terror with more than a thousand death sentences.

THE 'CRIMES'

AMONG the crimes for which they sent men and women to have their heads chopped off—I get this from the register—are: listening to the enemy radio and spreading enemy lies, harboring Jews, picking up a rag in a bombed and burning house, defeatist utterances, and anti-Nazi activities.

Under the Allied legislation, which was intended to create a new democratic Germany out of the ashes and rubble left by Hitler these men were banned for life from holding judicial or State office.

But today you can be sure of running into them at the seat of justice in every major German town and city.

There's one of them in the Bonn Ministry of Justice and

others in the Ministries of Justice of all the German Federal States.

Another one of them is a Federal judge at the Federal court in Karlsruhe, 17 are directors of justice in State courts, three are presidents of what the Germans call judicial senates.

Do these men repent the role they played as Hitler's judicial stooges? Not if the attitude of Keyser is any guide to the rest of them.

I called on Dr Keyser in the office which he occupies in the big new law courts building here in Stuttgart, where he serves as a judge of civil appeals for the State of Baden-Württemberg.

DEFIANT

I FOUND him sitting at his desk—a mousy, insignificant-looking little man with a nibbly sort of moustache over his mouth, large, glinting goggles over his eyes under a bald but rather flat cranium.

Not really sinister-looking at all, but the sort of man, he seemed to me at any rate, who would always want to be on the right side of his superiors.

It seemed significant to me, therefore, that Dr Keyser not only did not attempt to dispute the sentences he had been responsible for on the terror tribunals, but was ready to stand by them almost with an air of defiance.

"I do not regret a single one of the sentences for which I was responsible as a member of the special tribunal," said Dr Keyser.

He glanced down at the photograph showing the official record of the case of Johanna Flock which I produced for him.

"I cannot recall this case off-hand," he said a little doubtfully, and then with a sudden rush as though this settled everything for him, "Ah! yes, she was a prostitute, I see."

He now got into his full stride.

"I must tell you, to receive and use stolen ration cards knowing them to be stolen and pass them on to friends or anyone else is a most serious crime in war. It is a shameful betrayal of the rest of the community, liable to bring into

disorder the nation's carefully ordered supply system. "Death was the only possible sentence for this woman. Besides," he added, "all these people had been warned what to expect."

EXPANSIVE

DR JUSTICE KEYSER became expansive as he felt he had made a telling point.

"The day of the traitors and deserters who came to the top here immediately after the war is on the wane," he announced. (Rather an understatement, in my view, of a situation in which the Hitler terror judges are back on the bench again.)

"I did not want war. But I tell you that, as one of the majority of decent Germans, I, like the others, did everything I could to win the war once it had started. It was my duty

as a judge to show no false so-called heartiness."

Dr Keyser told me how, after the Russians had entered Leipzig, he had lived underground without papers in the Soviet zone.

Not until 1953 did he manage to escape from the Soviet zone to the West. By May 1954, thanks to his friends in the judges' old boy network, he was soon comfortably installed in Stuttgart.

"Did they know your past as a member of the Special Courts here?" I asked him.

"Of course," he answered. "All my papers and personal files are deposited with the authorities here. I have nothing to hide."

I believed him. But to my mind it makes the restoration to judicial dignity of this ex-terror judge all the more disgusting.

For in the German system of justice the judge has enormous

personal power. He is not, as in Britain, the learned, neutral president of the court balancing the scales between the accusing and defending parties, summing up the evidence to help a jury decide.

The majority of German courts have the Continental system, and under this the judge is inquisitor, prosecutor, assessor of the truth, and final arbiter.

DANGER

ON the fairness and lack of prejudice of its judges depends the main bulwark of democracy in the new Germany, the equality of its citizens before the law.

Of all the departures from the Allied plans which Dr Adenauer has sanctioned in the eight years he has been in power already, I think this restoration of the Hitler terror judges is the most sinister.

For there is the constant danger that these men who have been stooges once will be ready to be stooges again.

I do not look forward to Adenauer's third term with relief.

HARD TIMES ARE HERE FOR THE MAN IN THE WIG

ON Tuesday—for the first time in six weeks—the doors of the most famous court in the world will swing open. The Old Bailey will be in session again after the summer recess. And striding past the policeman at the door, swishing his gown as he makes his way through the throngs that crowd the court corridors, will be the star performer. The barrister.

In full panoply of wig and gown, he looks the picture of self-assurance and success. But if you look at his trousers, ends you will most likely find they are frayed.

"The Bar is the finest profession in the country," says the successful Q.C., with an air of pompous self-satisfaction.

But, in fact, all that glitters is not success. For the majority of the 1,973 barristers practising in England and Wales the only glitter they see is the shine on the well-worn trousers of their colleagues.

Solicitors are taking more and more of the money that is to be earned in legal work. They argue their own cases in county courts far more than they used to, and the bigger cases—those destined for the High Court, where be-wigged counsel appear in all their splendour—are settled before they come to court.

For the modern business man, litigation is expensive, frustrating, and in the long run often a waste of time.

But what of the criminal courts? London Sessions has such an overflow of work that it was recently announced some of their cases will be heard at the Old Bailey. Surely, "criminal barristers" are earning a good living?

Most of them are not. Criminals are generally poor, and lawyers are not likely to wax fat on the few guineas they receive for trying to coax the jury into believing that their clients were nowhere near the scene of the crime at the time.

It is not only the young men—fledglings at the Bar—who

are finding things tough. At least they can easily get out and earn a decent living in industry—as several do. In October 1950 only 34½ per cent of barristers called to the Bar in 1953 were still in practice.

And many of the rest could also leave if only they had the sense and did not still cling to the barrister's life because, well, it's rather nice to be a barrister—even though one does get rather fed up with a steady diet of sausages and mashed (cheapest item on the menu in hall) for lunch.

The real tragedies are to be found with the middle-aged men. Those who have hung on into their late thirties and early forties, hoping for the lucky break to come that will set their practice on its feet. "You wait and see, old boy, all I need is one really good murder defence!"

But it does not come. And at 50 they find themselves still making two-guinea applications for shabby county courts and arguing trivial summonses in scruffy back-street magistrates' courts.

THE ANSWER

WHAT is the answer to it all?

Fusion: abolishing the distinction between barristers and solicitors and establishing a single legal profession, able to undertake both the pre-court preparatory work (now solely the solicitor's function) and advocacy in court (the barrister's present role).

It has got to come eventually. Practically alone in the world, Britain still retains the anachronistic "dualism" of barrister and solicitor. So that if you need to go to court, you have to pay two lawyers' set of fees instead of one.

But barristers view it as the last nail in the coffin of their defunct dignity.

One of the reasons behind this barristerial obduracy is the barrister's traditional contempt for solicitors.

But members of the Bar must either learn to work with their lowly brethren or else they will surely drown.

Relax with

LUX

Cigarettes

Acclaimed the world over for their superior quality and smoothly satisfying flavour

Here in Hongkong you too can now enjoy the luxury of Lux Cigarettes.

Sole Agents: SHEWAN TOMES & CO., LTD.

ELECTION LANDSLIDE FOR ADENAUER

PROSPERITY VOTE

"SEE HOW ALIKE WE ARE! IF HE HAD MY MOUSTACHE AND I HAD HIS PLATFORM."

London Express cartoon

YANKEES 17-10 FAVOURITES FOR THE WORLD SERIES

Casey Stengel, a 66-year-old master at juggling words and ball players, starts in quest of a record-tying seventh World Championship next Wednesday when his favoured New York Yankees engage the Milwaukee Braves in the World Series opener.

The Yankees have been established as 17-10 favourites for the Series and will be about 13-10 favourites to win the first game when Whitey Ford leads the mound against Warren Spahn at 1 p.m. (1700 GMT). The first, second, sixth and seventh games are scheduled for Yankee Stadium with the third, fourth and fifth games for Milwaukee's County Stadium.

As usual, tickets are going for as high as US\$100 apiece for baseball's Fall classic and the radio and television payoffs assure the players of one of the highest "takes" in history. Each winner's share should amount to approximately US\$9,500 and each loser's take to about US\$7,000.

Stengel, managing his eighth World Series since he was hired by the Yankees in 1949, needs one more World Championship to equal the all-time record held by one of his illustrious predecessors — Joe McCarthy. Only McCarthy and John McGraw managed in more series, nine, with "Moose Joe" posting a 7-2 record and the "Little Napoleon" a 3-6 mark.

The Old Master

Stengel himself is one of the big reasons for the early "line" in favour of the defending World Champions. His managerial rival, Fred Haney, will be making his debut under World Series pressure and the book-makers are not going to be caught betting that a "beginner" will outstart the old master.

This, of course, is meant as no reflection on Haney, who showed his mettle in guiding the Braves through a torrid National League scramble that at one time involved five teams. It's just that the professional bettors sitting along with winners—and that's synonymous with Stengel and the Yankees.

There also is a general consensus that Stengel has at his command a far more versatile squad than Haney and may also have the stronger pitching when his depth is considered. The Braves' strongest point

seems to be their long-ball blasting power. Their defence is rated "fair" and their pitching strength on the front line but perhaps thin on the second.

The Yankees also have the advantage of playing four of the seven games, if the Series goes the distance, in their home park. The Yankees are tough anywhere—but they're especially tough in their spacious park.

The big question mark with the Series still three days away involves the physical condition of Yankee sluggers Mickey Mantle and Bill Skowron. Otherwise both teams came through the long Pennant grinds with no more than the usual number of bumps and bruises.

A Good Chance

Mantle, however, has been suffering with thin splints that hamper his batting, and Skowron has a back ailment that has virtually immobilised him for the last month. Stengel has announced that both will be rested in the Yankees' final games and seems to think there

Moved Too Late

Mr. Alvin Brown, new manager of Sunderland, is a keen amateur house decorator. During the summer when he was manager of Burnley he completely painted his house on the outskirts of the Lancashire town, and then moved to the North East Coast. "I did not get any extra money," he said "for the house belonged to the club."

HOPES UPSET

Sammy Crooks, former England and Derby winger, as manager of Burton Albion set great store on his two sons who are amateurs with the club. But one has gone down with a burst ankle injury and both will be out of action for some time.

is a good chance that both will be ready by Wednesday.

Neither manager has confirmed his opening-game pitcher but the choices are really automatic. Ford, 11-5 during the season when he was sidelined with a sore arm, is 4-2 in Series competition and the Yankee high command rates him the best pitcher in the American League. Spahn, 21-10 during the National League season, is the major's leading winner of the season and a battle-tested veteran who is ideal for the assignment.

Stengel is expected to start either Bob Turley (12-8) or Bobby Shantz (11-8) in the second game. Tom Sturdivant, the Yankee's leading winner

with a 15-6 record, and Don Larsen, 10-4 this year and the perfect game hero of the 1956 Series, are other possible starters.

Haney is expected to start Lew Burdett, 10-8, in the second game at Yankee Stadium and open the Milwaukee phase of the classic with Bob Buhl (18-7). These may be Haney's only starters in a Series that has two off days for travel, Friday, October 4 and Tuesday, October 8.

The American League begins the Series with a 34-19 edge over the National thanks to the fact that the Yankees have won 17 times. The Braves are the first Western team to win the National League Pennant since 1946 when the St. Louis Cardinals whipped the Boston Red Sox in a seven-game series.—United Press.

Sports Diary

TODAY

Swimming
"Splash Party" at the LRC 3 p.m.
Tennis
LRC tennis tournament match at 5.30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY

Rugby
First official Colony Rugby trial at HKFC 6.30 p.m.
Meeting
ASF and OC Council Meeting, SCM Post Boardroom 9.30 p.m.

On The Losing Side

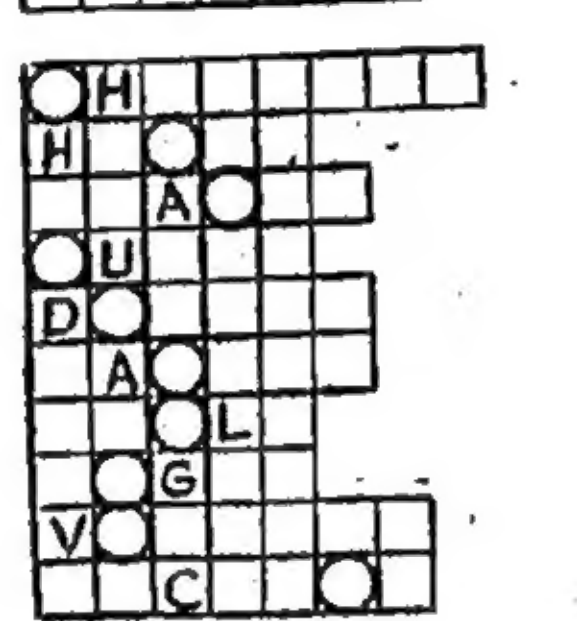
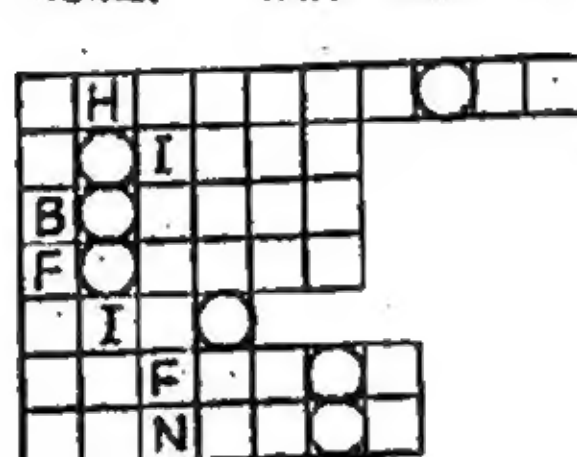
Twenty years ago Billy Minter scored seven goals for Hertfordshire in a county match and yet finished on the losing side. This has now happened to George Waterhouse of Dodworth Methodist. He netted seven times against Oxley Park in a Pontefract (Sheffield) League match, but his side were beaten 6-7.

NAMESAKES



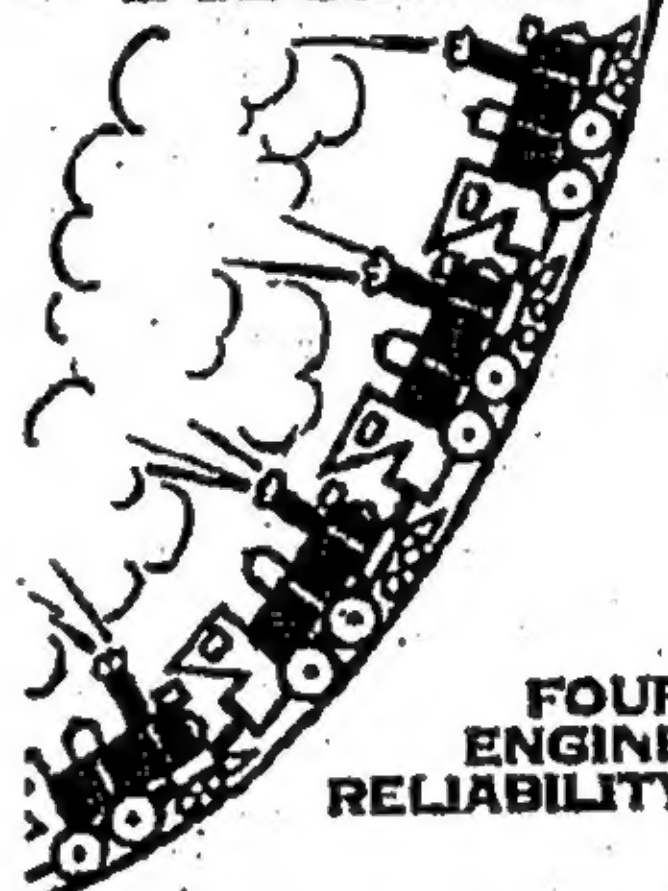
- 1 Contender
- 2 Fly this?
- 3 Making parcels?
- 4 European nation
- 5 Wedding one?
- 6 Umpire
- 7 Competition
- 8 Top dog
- 9 Ponderous
- 10 Planks
- 11 Strong beverage
- 12 Setback.
- 13 A call
- 14 Name
- 15 Scrap
- 16 Judgment
- 17 Triumph

INSTRUCTIONS: Fill in the spaces against each of the clues below with a word related to my life. The letters in circles spell out my name. Who am I?



Solution on Page 9

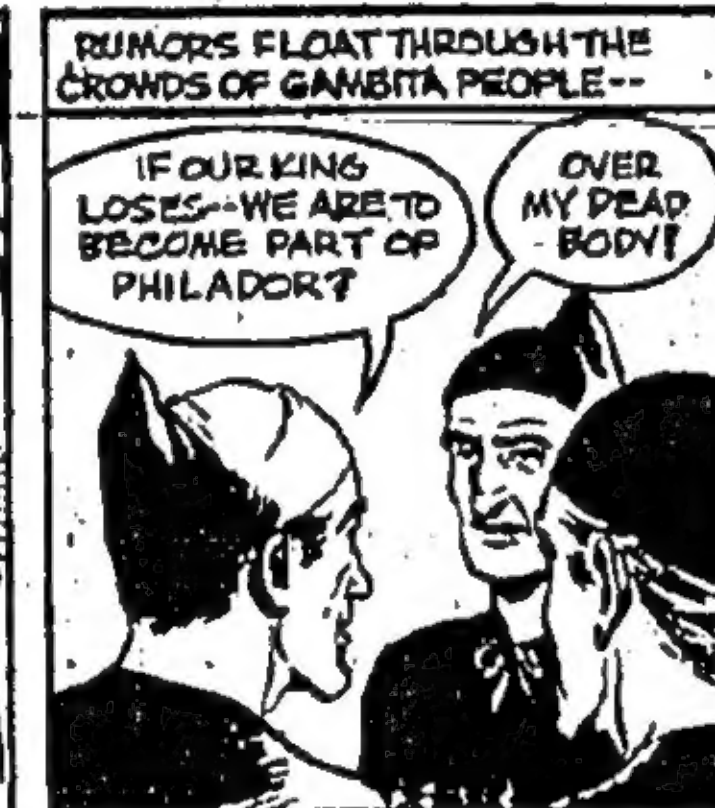
BE SPECIFIC



FOUR ENGINE RELIABILITY

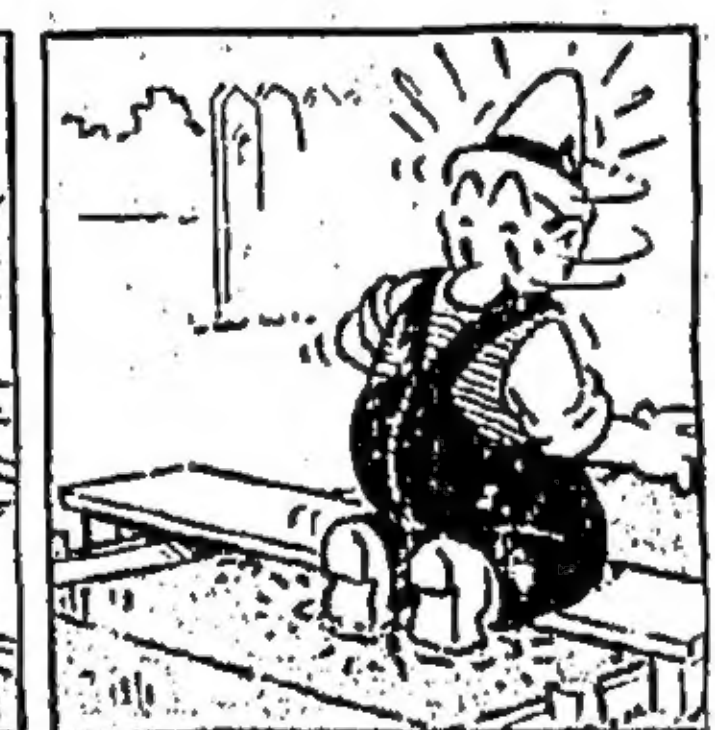
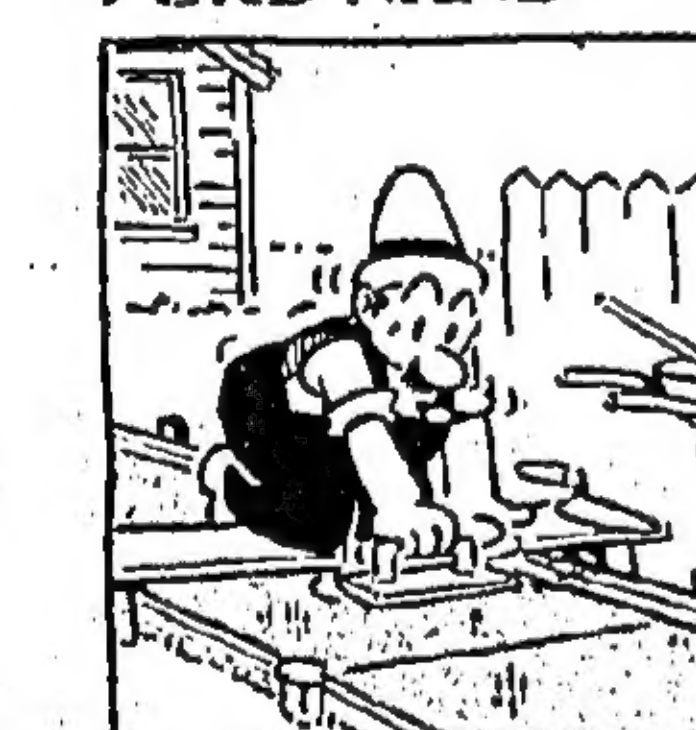
MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



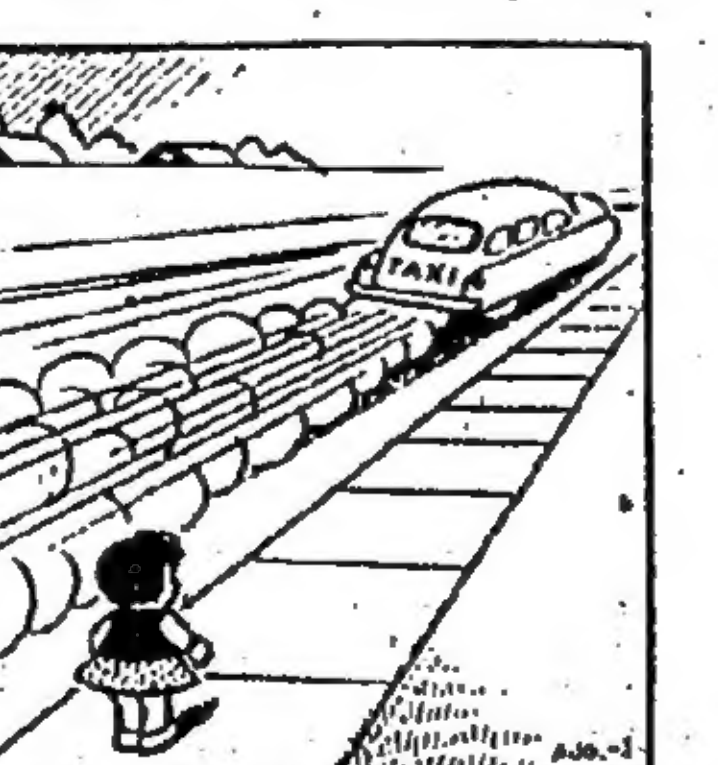
FERD'NAND

By Mik



NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller

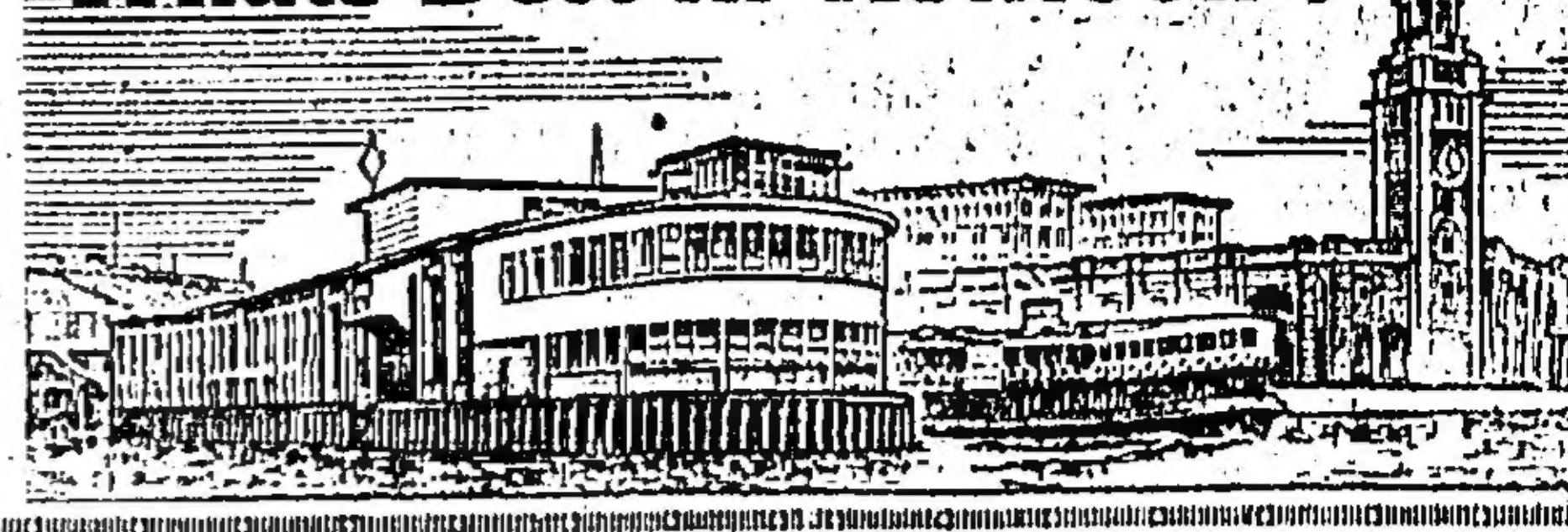


JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



What's Best in Kowloon?



FURS

BEAUTIFULLY FASHIONED
BY
MASTER FURRIERS

SIBERIAN FUR STORE
134-E, NATHAN ROAD
KOWLOON

WE SPECIALISE IN PROCESSING ALL
KINDS OF MINKS IN DIFFERENT
COLOURS, MARTEN, SQUIRREL,
SABLE, LEOPARD, OTTER, NUTRIA,
FOX, BEAVER, ERMINE, OCLOT,
MARMOT, MUSKRAT, SEAL, PERSIAN
LAMB, ETC.

**ALL FURS FULLY
GUARANTEED**

Mayai & Co.

PROFESSIONAL LADIES' TAILORING

Topcoat, Suit, Cocktail, Evening & Day Dress
Ready Made & Make to Order

NEWLY ARRIVED FRENCH MATERIALS FOR AUTUMN

Cashmere Flannel, Woollen Brocade & Fashioned
Mixed Silk, Crystal & Metal Materials

CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN AVAILABLE
120 Nathan Road, Kowloon
Tel. 64496

PRECIOUS FURS FOR YOUR CHOICE:

Sapphire Blue Mink, Silver Blue
Mink, Pastel and Brown Mink.

SABLE, STONE MARTEN,
ERMINE, FOX, LEOPARD.

Silk & Linen Emb. Blouses,
Lingerie, Brocade Coats,
Handkerchiefs & Table Linens.

Stylette Models

9 MODY ROAD, KOWLOON.

TEL. 62382.

HEERASONS

KOWLOON MOST POPULAR SILK STORE
51, NATHAN ROAD
KOWLOON

HIGH CLASS LADIES & GENT'S TAILOR
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

BOMBAY RESTAURANT

THE place for authentic
INDIAN CURRIES & DELICACIES

★ SWEET, HI-FI MUSIC.
★ REASONABLE PRICES

19 Prat Avenue, Kowloon. (Near the Grand Hotel)
Tel. 60655 & 67620



SILENTBLOC LTD.
FLEXIBLE BEARINGS, FLEXIBLE
COUPLINGS, ENGINE MOUNTINGS
ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD.
H.K. & Shanghai Branches Tel: 27789

CHINA MAIL

SHEAFFERS
Skrip

Page 10 MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1957

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Water Hours

Sir,—Your "Comment of the Day" on hours of water supply published on Saturday was sensible and generally well-informed. I write merely to annotate and to fill in details of official policy.

We have now arrived at that season of the year when the Water Authority takes stock of resources, estimates as best it can what additional storage can reasonably be expected from streams and catchment areas during the normally dry months of winter, adds the two runs together and, after deduction of a reserve against the contingency of the spring rains being late, divides the resultant total by the number of days from the beginning of the "Winter Ration Period" to the end of April, and thus arrives at a figure for average daily consumption which cannot safely be exceeded. On this latter figure the hours of supply are based.

Such a calculation was in fact worked out ten days ago on the then existing water supply situation and, had it not been for Typhoon Gloria, it is almost certain that Government would have introduced winter hours with effect from this week.

But the abundant rains which accompanied the typhoon upset—most pleasantly—all our calculations and, as I write, water storage stands at a new record figure and is still increasing.

Under these circumstances, introduction of rationing can safely be put off a little longer. Indeed, so long as we continue to gain storage and while reservoirs overflow, there is no reason why the public should not have all the water it wants, 24 hours a day. Water not consumed by the public would only go to waste through the reservoirs overflow channels. The only limiting factor to consumption is the present capacity of our filtration plant but the current rate of something in the neighbourhood of 60 million gallons a day is well within that capacity and we are therefore able to give a round-the-clock supply in many areas.

This happy situation cannot unfortunately last very much longer. Short of further bonuses from end-of-season typhoons, we cannot reasonably expect much rain after September 30 and so, within the course of

the next few days, we must do our calculations afresh and, on the strength of these, I shall shortly present to Government for approval proposals both for winter hours of supply and for their starting date.

I can promise that the hours will be reasonably good. Even without benefit of Gloria's rains and the respite in the start of rationing thus caused, we had reckoned that on 8-hours a day supply, in two equal morning and evening supply periods of four hours each, would be possible right throughout the winter.

Obviously these supply hours are now more than ever a practical proposition and, indeed, we may even find that they can be improved. We must however in any calculation reckon on maintaining adequate reserves in hand at the end of April. I can imagine nothing more unpopular than an enforced reduction in supply hours next May or June, just as the weather gets warmer, because we had put too much faith in a capricious Clerk of the Weather and had squandered our reserves during the cooler winter months.

A. INGLIS,
Director of Public Works.

Orcades Here

(Continued from Page 1)

Brothers Ltd., Sydney and Mrs. Gowling, Mrs. C. McIlraith, widow of the late Mr. William McIlraith of Macleod Pty. Ltd., Sydney's largest firm of Grocery and Provision Merchants, the Hon. T. G. Murray, M.L.C., members of N.S.W. Legislative Council, and Mrs. Murray, Mr. R. E. Carter, Managing Director of Austral Steel Ltd., and Mrs. Carter, Dr. Phoebe Chapple, well-known Adelaide Doctor, who, in World War I, was the only woman medical officer on active service with the Australian Forces, for which she was decorated and Mrs. I. M. A. Hughes who is travelling with Doctor Chapple, who is a prominent pastoralist of South Australia and Queensland.

Sailor Fined

For assaulting Lee Chung, a rickshaw coolie, 20-year-old Charles Andrus, seaman of the H.M.S. Newfoundland, was fined \$25 or five days by Miss N. B. K. Searle at Central this morning.

Rickshaw Coolie On Wounding Charge

STAIRCASE STRUGGLE RECALLED

A 35-year-old rickshaw puller was accused in the Criminal Sessions this morning of wounding his cousin with a knife on the staircase of No. 18 Luen Fat Street, Wanchai, in the early hours of June 9 last.

It was stated that the complainant, Lam Ping, also a rickshaw coolie, suffered seven wounds on the head, neck and arm; and had to undergo treatment in hospital for 11 days before he was discharged.

On trial before Mr. Justice C. W. Rees and a Jury of five men and two women was Lam Hon-sik, who faced an indictment of unlawfully and maliciously wounding Lam Ping with intent to do him grievous bodily harm.

Lifetime Friends

Mr. Stewart Collier, Crown Counsel, prosecuted, assisted by Det. Insp. S.C. Wong.

Crown Counsel said that the accused and the complainant were cousins and had known each other since they were small boys.

The complainant returned home about 1.45 a.m. on June 9 and stopped on the first floor to watch a card game, said Mr. Collier. After a while he went upstairs to the third floor where he lived. When he arrived at the second floor landing, the complainant heard a noise. He struck a match to see what it was.

"Then he saw the accused with a chopper in his hand," Crown Counsel said.

A Struggle

There was a struggle and the two men fell down the stairs.

A clansman of the two men who was at the time at the bottom of the stairs heard a noise and then saw the accused and the complainant roll down.

A chopper was found on a landing.

Dr. H. W. Chan, medical officer of Queen Mary Hospital, said that he examined Lam Ping, the complainant on June 9 and found his condition to be poor.

Lam had seven wounds—on the left forehead, left jaw bone, the neck, and on the arm and wrist.

Dr. Chan said that Lam was discharged on June 20. He said that if the wounds had not been sutured and the bleeding not stopped, the patient would have died from the injuries.

Hearing is continuing.

Off To Japan

Leaving the Colony by BOAC Britannia today for Japan was Mr. E. C. Englewood, BOAC Sales Manager in Tokyo. Mr. Englewood spent a few days here for consultations with local BOAC and Hongkong Airways representatives, with particular reference to the additional weekly flight to Tokyo now being introduced on the Hongkong Airways Viscount schedules.

\$300,000 Grant

Macao, Sept. 30. The Macao Government has made an appropriation of \$300,000 to help rehabilitate the people who have suffered losses during typhoon Gloria, which struck the colony on Sunday last. —France-Press.

WELFARE OFFICER ALMOST DROWNED

Miss Jenny Cheung, Assistant Welfare Officer attached to the Child Welfare section, was nearly drowned while swimming at Castle Peak yesterday.

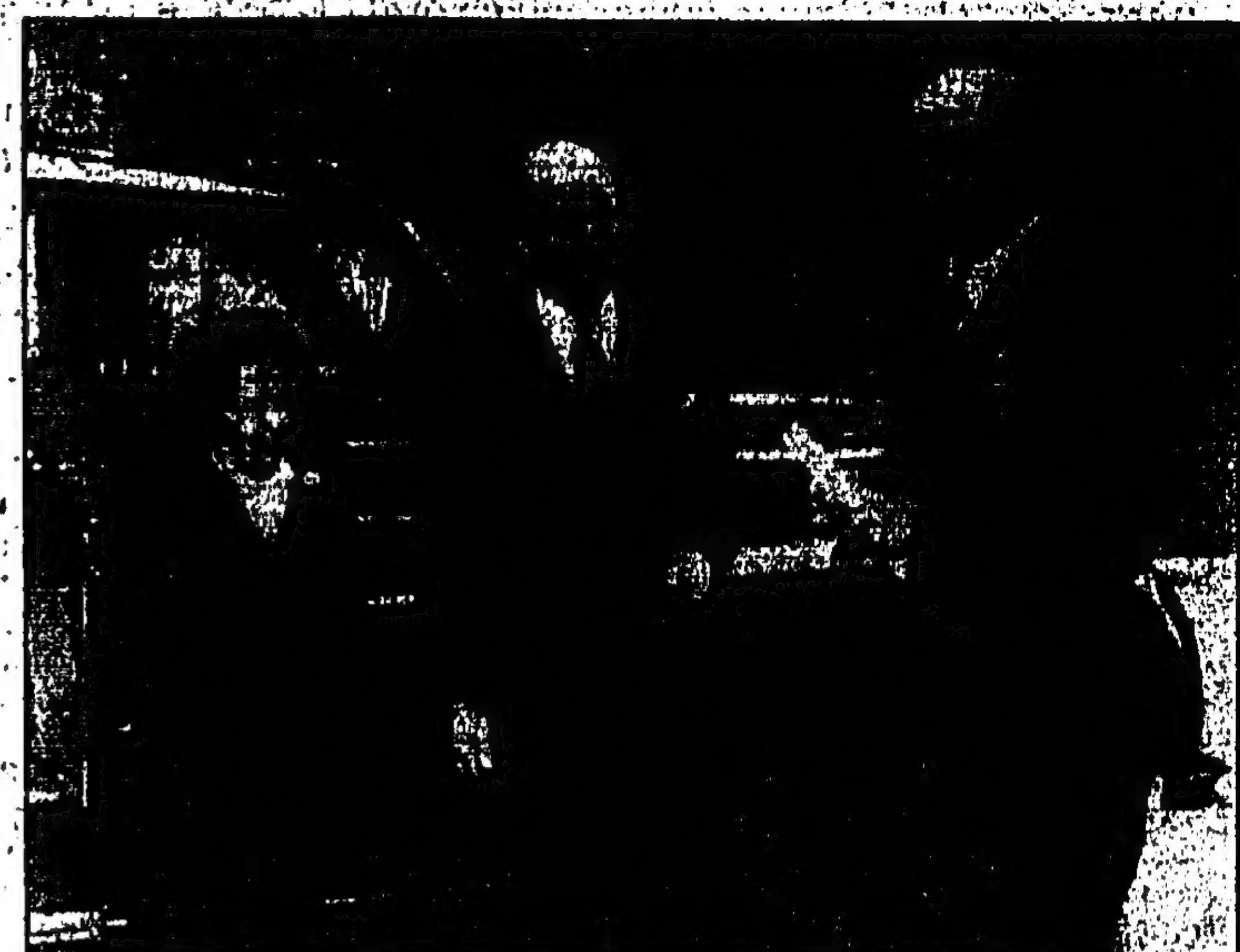
Miss Cheung was with a party of several persons, including her sister. She called out for help after getting into difficulty and was rescued and rushed to the Kowloon Hospital in an ambulance. Her friends at the Social Welfare Office said this morning that she was out of danger but was still not allowed to see visitors.

Two Killed

A seven-year-old boy, Lee Kwok-sang, was fatally injured when he was knocked down by a private car in Yen Chau Street, near Hoi Tan Street, at about 9.15 p.m. on Saturday. Another boy, Yim Kam-wah, aged ten, was knocked down and fatally injured by a lorry in Waterloo Road, near Victory Avenue, while riding a bicycle yesterday.

American Consul

Macao, Sept. 30. The appointment of Mr. Thomas Shoemith as Consul for the United States in Macao was provisionally recognised, the Government Gazette announced today. —France-Press.



The Governor and Lady Grantham arrive at the Cathedral this morning for the memorial service to King Haakon. They are seen here with the Norwegian Consul-General Mr. A. Moltke-Hansen. —China Mail Photo.

MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR KING HAAKON

A solemn memorial service for His Late Majesty, King Haakon of Norway, who died on September 21, was held at St John's Cathedral this morning.

The service was attended by His Excellency the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, and Lady Grantham, members of the Consular Corps and their wives. Chiefs of the three Services and Government officials.

A detachment of troops and officers from the First Battalion of the Green Howards led by the Battalion's Commander, Lieut-Colonel H. A. Styles, and the Green Howards' band also attended. The late King Haakon was the Battalion's Colonel-in-Chief.

The Royal Navy was also represented by men from various ships. The service began with the arrival of His Excellency and Lady Grantham accompanied by Mr. W. White, ADC.

His Excellency was escorted into the Cathedral by Mr. Axel Melbye-Hansen, Norwegian Consul, and Lady Grantham was accompanied by Col. Stisted. Mr. Moltke-Hansen accompanied Sir Alexander to the altar, where, following the placing of the Norwegian national flag on the altar, he laid a wreath.

Addresses extolling the exemplary life of the King were delivered by the Rt. Rev. R. O. Hall, Bishop of Hongkong, and by the Rev. L. Aagaard.

The Rev. Aagaard lauded the late King's leadership in war and in peace. He recalled his personal contacts with King Haakon during the war years in Norway and later in exile in England.

Air Secretary Coming

The Secretary of State for Air, the Rt. Hon. George R. Ward MP, will arrive at Kai Tak from Singapore on Wednesday at 6.15 p.m. (Approx). During his visit the Secretary of State will visit R.A.F. Units in the Colony.

Triad Men Gaoled

Seven suspected Triad members arrested at Shaukiwan and Western district on Saturday appeared before the Magistrate, Miss B. K. Searle, at Central this morning, and were sentenced to go to gaol and put under supervision for two years. The gaol terms range from one month to two months.

Paquerette's exclusive styles

by

Luisa Spagnoli

in luscious Italian hues

— Jumpers

Cardigans

Twin Sets

and

Angora Capes!

— see them today —

(SHOP LATE MONDAYS — OPEN TILL 9.30 P.M.)
16a Des Voeux Road. Tel. 21-157

Printed and published by PANG PUN-SEK for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong.

LUNCH-HOUR RECITAL

by R. A. Bones

Geoffrey Tankard is a professor and examiner at the Royal College of Music. He is at present in Hongkong to examine some of our local students. I stress this because it must have some influence on his approach to music and his performance on the piano.

Yesterday at noon, Professor Tankard gave an "Invitation" matinee concert sponsored by the Music Society as part of their contribution to the Festival of the Arts.

Professor Tankard is to be congratulated on his prompt start, an all too rare occurrence in this Colony. If a concert is advertised to start at twelve o'clock there is no reason why it should start at ten or quarter past.

The recital started with the Tocatta and Fugue in D Minor by Bach. This work was originally written for organ and, if we are used to hearing the original version or even the orchestral arrangement by Sir Henry Wood, the piano arrangement is very fine. Chiefly we miss the sustaining power of the organ and the swell which is obtainable with this instrument.

Professor Tankard nevertheless gave a fluid and sympathetic interpretation of this work, even if some of the grandeur of the organ was missing.

The second item was the Variations in E Major by Handel. Here again Professor Tankard showed us that he had a good understanding of this composer's work and produced a very pleasing and mellow performance.

The first part of the programme ended with the "Moonlight" Sonata of Beethoven. The performance was very correct, but I felt that Professor Tankard really revealed himself as a teacher and examiner in it. For example, in the first movement where the left hand has the "rocking" triplets and the right hand has the sustained theme I found the right hand too predominant. Now this is probably a good fault from a teaching and examining point of view but on the concert platform it is somewhat lacking.

The last movement was also played very precisely, but lacked the fire and enthusiasm of the "agitato" with which it is marked.

Incidentally, this very difficult piano now appears to be responding better although the tone still seems rather metallic.

The second part of the programme began with two works of Schubert, the Variations in B flat and the Impromptu in A flat. Here, as with Beethoven, we are on the border line between the classicists and the romanticists and here again Professor Tankard gave a pleasing performance but a performance which one might be tempted to call more classical than romantic.

On the other hand the Rhapsody in G Minor by Brahms is definitely of the romantic period. I am afraid that I found the "controlled strength" and "great force" referred to in the programme notes rather too controlled and restrained. Here again, however, the performance was perfectly correct, perhaps too correct, and might correspond to what one would expect in the examination room but not on the concert platform.

The Nocturne for Left Hand Alone by Scriabin was to my mind the best item of the programme. Professor Tankard gave a strong and sympathetic performance of a difficult piece in which we certainly did not miss the right hand. The remainder of the programme consisted of a trivial piece by Liszt and two works of Liszt.

Taken as a whole, this recital provided a very pleasant note in which the performance and interpretation were very good and for the most part satisfying. I am quite sure that the many students in this almost capacity audience must have learnt a great deal.

First Grand Sale

IN THE HOUSE OF FINEST BRITISH WOOLLENS.

COMMENCING ON WEDNESDAY FOR 6 DAYS ONLY

2nd Oct. — 7th Oct.

REAL BARGAINS FOR HONG KONG SHOPPERS AT OUR KOWLOON MAIN STORE.

MOHAN'S LTD

14 HANKOW ROAD, KOWLOON
TELE. 63865, 60393, 65796

